

Cultural Considerations In Serving Latinos

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The ATTC Network



Ten Regional Centers

Four National Focus Area Centers

- SBIRT
- Hispanic and Latino
- Native American-Alaska Native
- Rural and Frontier



(MAP NOT TO SCALE)





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JANESE // DANIEL







- Increase service providers' cultural understanding
- Develop personal and professional clinical skills in working effectively with Latino clients
- Consider approaches to providing services that are Latino sensitive



"Latinoamerica" video by Calle 13





Northwest (HHS Region 10)



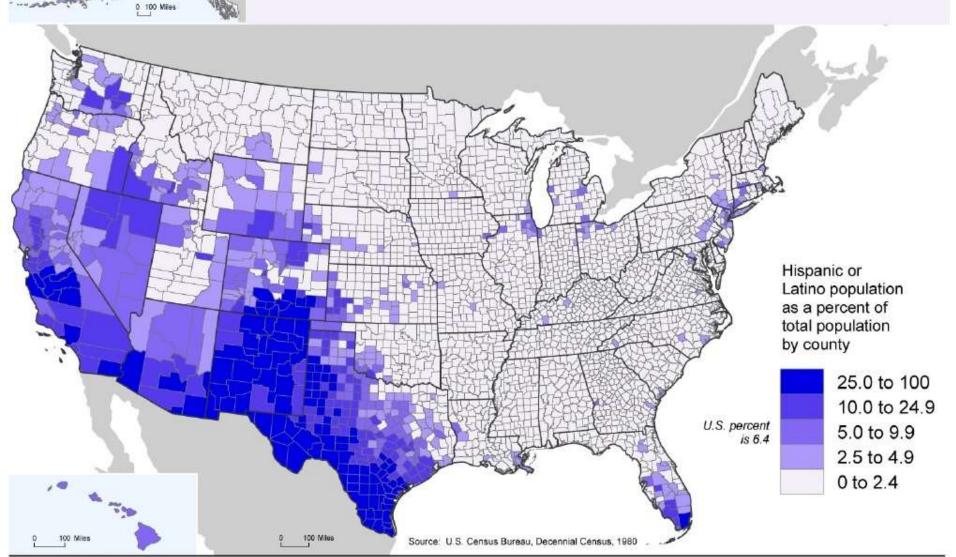


ETHNIC MINORITY WILL BE THE MAJORITY

... some statistics

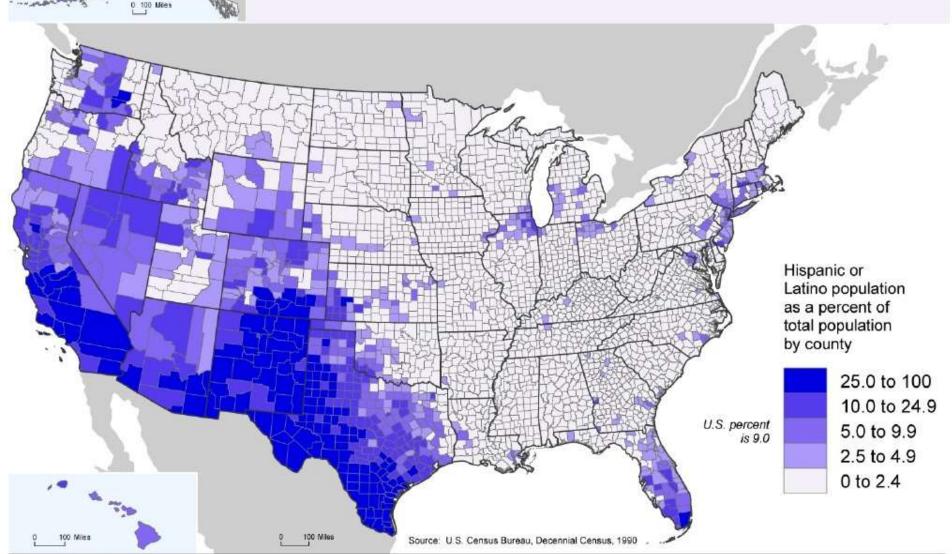


Percent of Population 1980 Hispanic or Latino



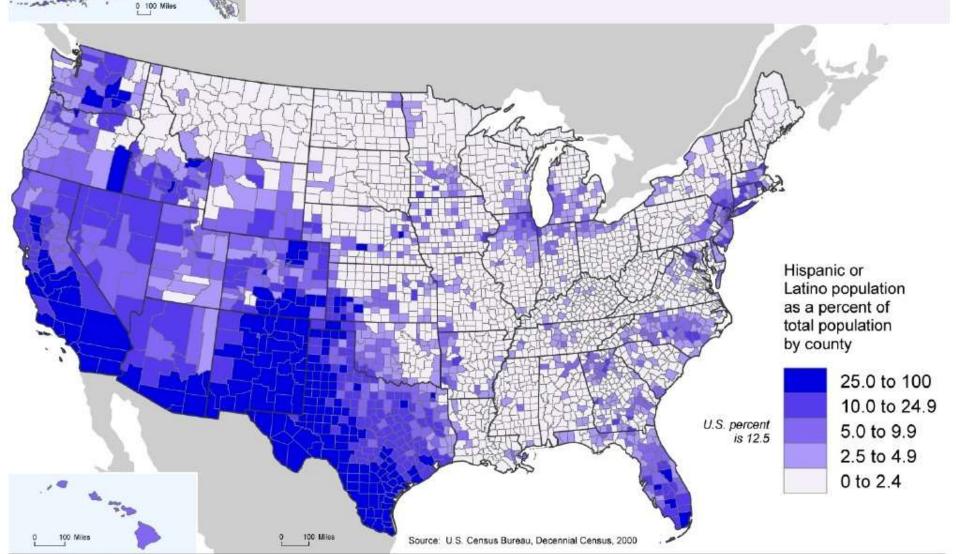
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Percent of Population 1990 Hispanic or Latino



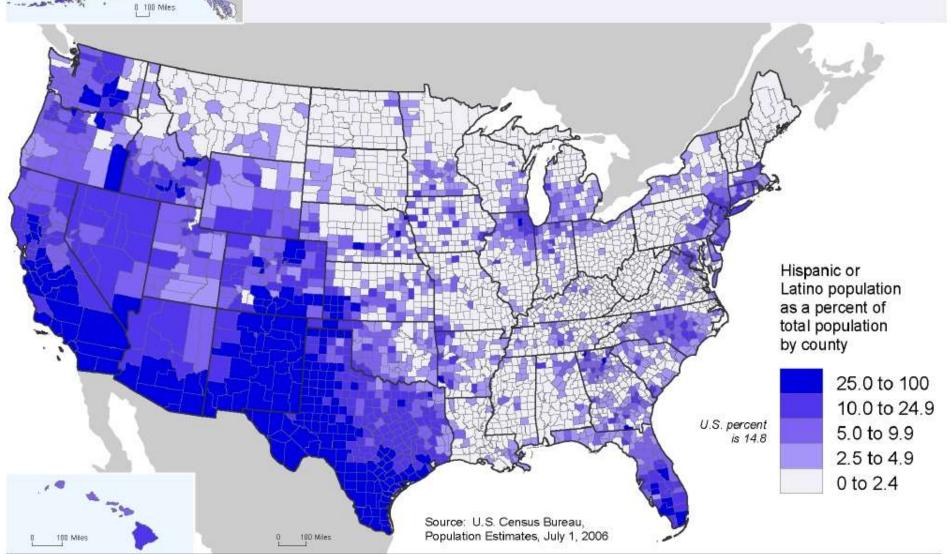
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Percent of Population 2000 Hispanic or Latino

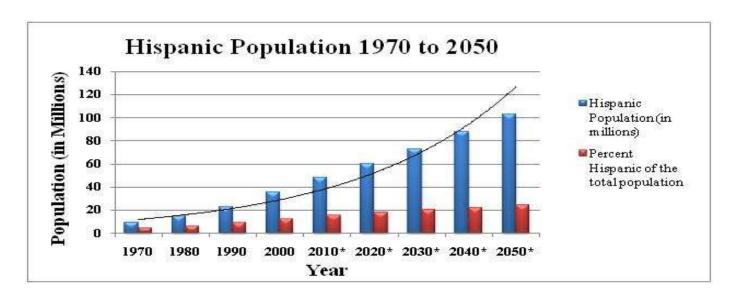


0 100 M/es

Percent of Population 2006 Hispanic or Latino



Latinos (census)



- 2000-2010 → Grew 43% between
- 2010 → 50.5 million lived in U.S.
 - 16.3% of total population
- 2050 → up to 30%

Youth — on the rise



93% born in US

- Increase by birth rather than immigrations
 - 174,000 Latino adults have and raise children
 - ¼ of children of Latino heritage
 - K-12 age 121,000

PROTECTIVE FACTORS IN THE LATINO COMMUNITY



- * Familia
- Personalismo
- Respeto









Familismo

- Enmeshment is a stereotype ascribed to Latino families for being close and concerned about one another.
- For some, familismo may be smothering, controlling, leading to feelings of guilt.



Hispanic family



- Emphasizes interdependence
- Cooperation
- More likely to be involved in care and
- Decision-making

Manifestations of familismo Compadrazgo Extended family relations

Family Response

More tolerant of mentally ill:

- * Sick role
- * Lowered expectations
- * People to be protected
- * Remain in home
- * May even marry and have children







Addictions and Mentally III

NEED:

- High family participation
- Strong education about both
- Management of meds
- Belief meds lead to addiction
- Coordination of care critical





Personalismo

Importance of personal relationships

 Expect providers to be warm, friendly, personal and take interest in personal life

 Rely on communitybased organizations





Enacting personalismo

Through...

- Simpatía (sympathy)
- Caridad (caring)
- Confianza (trust)
- Interpersonal breeches in counseling situations might drive Latinos away:
 - i.e., a goodwill not reciprocated or a gesture is diminished.



Get personal

- Closer to each other in space
- Too far away, may be seen as uninterested
- Sit closer, lean forward, give pat on shoulder, other gestures to show interest





Show Respect

- Explain without condescending
- Take seriously the responsibility and respect conferred on you by Hispanic clients
- Don't misinterpret avoiding eye contact as sign of disinterest

- Address elders in traditional ways
- Be mindful of parents and elders if child or other is spokesperson
- Older Hispanic may terminate treatment if feels respect is not being shown



Encourage asking of questions



Out of respect...

- Latinos will avoid disagreeing or expressing doubts
- May be reluctant to ask questions or admit are confused

"Benefits of Being Bilingual" Video







RISK FACTORS IN THE LATINO COMMUNITY



*Acculturation

❖ Gender





MISCONCEPTIONS

"All Latino immigrants are from Mexico."



- Where else?
- 66% from Mexico
- 70% of Latinos living in U.S. are

born here





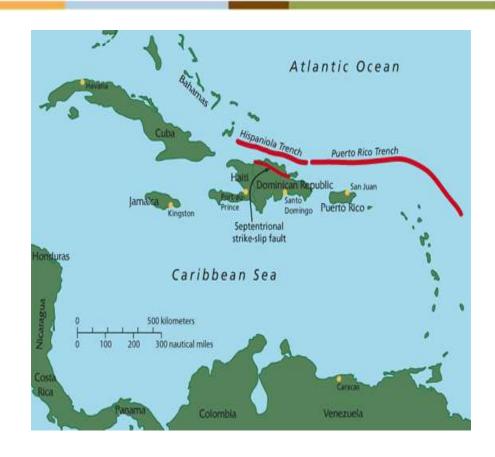
The Immigration Paradox

Mexico

Puerto Rico

Cuba









MISCONCEPTIONS

"Second and third generations are assimilated."



- Embracing Latino heritage more than parents
- 52% Prefer to describe selves with country of origin
- 24% Identified as American
- 20% Identified as Latino





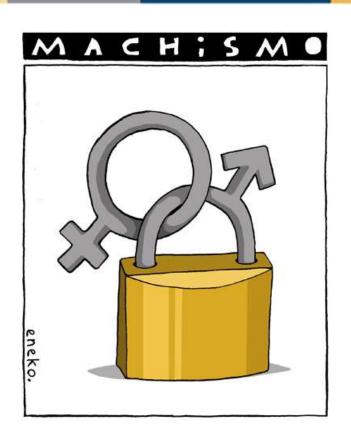
Gender roles: Protective or Risk Factor?

- Stricter control over daughters than sons
- Wife should not contradict husband in public
- Women have little respect for weak men
- Important for a man to be strong





Risk Factor or Protective?



Negative definition:

Womanizer, arrogant, domineering, sexist, superior

Positive definition:

Courageous, strong, independent, powerful, protector, manliness





Barriers to access

- Fear and shame of revealing private matters to others or to own family
- Implication of <u>male</u> seeking help not in control of self

OR

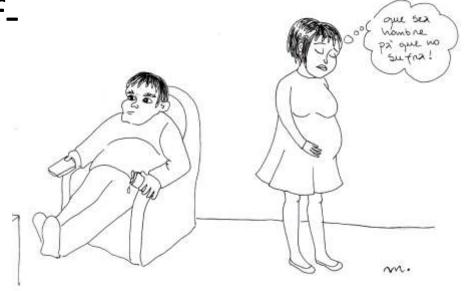
 Not able to manage own problems





Marianismo

- Expectations of selfsacrifice by culture and family
- Held to a higher standard
- Highly controlled
- Few alternatives for positive self-esteem







Latina Motherhood



- Sacred status
- Expected to be nurturing, accepting and deny own desires
- Well-being of children sources of happiness
- Important to Latina's self-concept



Perception

- Learned gender roles
 resistant to change
- Could influence interactions with host culture
- Focus on positive self-concept
- Impact on family





Distinctions



Hispanic men more likely to be involved with multiple substances

Hispanic women more likely to have mental health problems





Parking Lot & Questions



New American Reality: Video



